**TDP3500 3.5 GHz Differential Probe** 

**Technical Reference** 

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## **General Safety Summary**

Review the following safety precautions to avoid injury and prevent damage to this product or any products connected to it.

To avoid potential hazards, use this product only as specified.

Only qualified personnel should perform service procedures.

While using this product, you may need to access other parts of a larger system. Read the safety sections of the other component manuals for warnings and cautions related to operating the system.

#### To Avoid Fire or Personal Injury

**Connect and Disconnect Properly.** Do not connect or disconnect probes or test leads while they are connected to a voltage source.

**Ground the Product**. This product is indirectly grounded through the grounding conductor of the mainframe power cord. To avoid electric shock, the grounding conductor must be connected to earth ground. Before making connections to the input or output terminals of the product, ensure that the product is properly grounded.

**Observe All Terminal Ratings.** To avoid fire or shock hazard, observe all ratings and markings on the product. Consult the product manual for further ratings information before making connections to the product.

Connect the probe reference lead to earth ground only.

Do not apply a potential to any terminal, including the common terminal, that exceeds the maximum rating of that terminal.

**Do Not Operate Without Covers.** Do not operate this product with covers or panels removed.

**Do Not Operate With Suspected Failures.** If you suspect that there is damage to this product, have it inspected by qualified service personnel.

Avoid Exposed Circuitry. Do not touch exposed connections and components when power is present.

Do Not Operate in Wet/Damp Conditions.

Do Not Operate in an Explosive Atmosphere.

**Keep Product Surfaces Clean and Dry.** 

#### **Terms in this Manual**

These terms may appear in this manual:



WARNING. Warning statements identify conditions or practices that could result in injury or loss of life.



**CAUTION.** Caution statements identify conditions or practices that could result in damage to this product or other property.

#### Symbols and Terms on the Product

These terms may appear on the product:

- DANGER indicates an injury hazard immediately accessible as you read the marking.
- WARNING indicates an injury hazard not immediately accessible as you read the marking.
- CAUTION indicates a hazard to property including the product.

The following symbol(s) may appear on the product:



# **Preface**

This is the Technical Reference Manual for the TDP3500 differential probe. This manual provides specifications and performance verification procedures for the probe.

## **Specifications**

The specifications in Tables 1 through 4 apply to a TDP3500 differential probe installed on a Tektronix DPO7000 oscilloscope. When the probe is used with another oscilloscope, the oscilloscope must have an input impedance of 50  $\Omega$  and a bandwidth of 1 GHz. The probe must have a warm-up period of at least 20 minutes and be in an environment that does not exceed the limits described. (See Table 1.) The probe calibration and Autozero routines should be run on the host instrument before verifying the warranted probe specifications. Specifications for the TDP3500 differential probe fall into three categories: warranted, typical, and nominal characteristics.

## **Warranted Characteristics**

Warranted characteristics describe guaranteed performance within tolerance limits or certain type-tested requirements. (See Table 1.) Warranted characteristics that have checks in the *Performance Verification* section are marked with the symbol.

**Table 1: Warranted electrical characteristics** 

Specification	TDP3500	
✓ Differential signal range (DC coupled)	±2.0 V <sub>(DC + peak AC)</sub>	
Common-mode signal range (DC coupled)	+5 V to -4 V <sub>(DC + peak AC)</sub>	
Maximum non destructive input voltage between signal and common of the same channel	±15 V <sub>(DC + peak AC)</sub>	
✓ DC attenuation accuracy	±2% of input	
Bandwidth (probe only)	DC to ≥3.5 GHz	
✓ Rise time, probe only	≤140 ps	
(10–90%, + 20 °C to + 30 °C)		
Common-mode rejection ratio		
	>60 dB at DC	
	>55 dB at 1 MHz	
	>45 dB at 30 MHz	
	>25 dB at 1 GHz	
Temperature	Operating: 0 to +40 °C (32 °F to +104 °F)	
	Nonoperating: -40 to +71 °C (-40 °F to -159 °F) 1	
Humidity	Operating: 0-90% RH, tested at + 30 to +40 °C	
	Nonoperating: 0-90% RH, tested at +30 to +60 °C	

See warning that follows.



**WARNING.** To avoid a burn hazard at high ambient temperatures, do not touch the probe with bare hands at nonoperating temperatures above +50 °C.

# **Typical Characteristics**

Typical characteristics describe typical but not guaranteed performance.

Table 2: Typical electrical characteristics

Differential input resistance, DC coupled	100 kΩ		
Common mode input resistance	50 kΩ		
Differential input capacitance	<0.3 pF at 10 MHz		
Common-mode input capacitance	<0.45 pF per side at 100 MHz		
Offset accuracy	±10 mV		
Differential offset range	±1 V		
Common mode rejection ratio	(See Figure 3 on page 4.)		
System noise			
Referred to probe input	<35 nV√Hz @ 100 MHz		
Input impedance	(See Figure 4 on page 5.)		
Propagation delay	5.4 ns ±2 ns from probe tip to output		

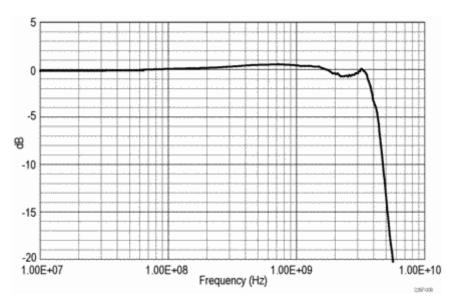


Figure 1: Typical bandwidth

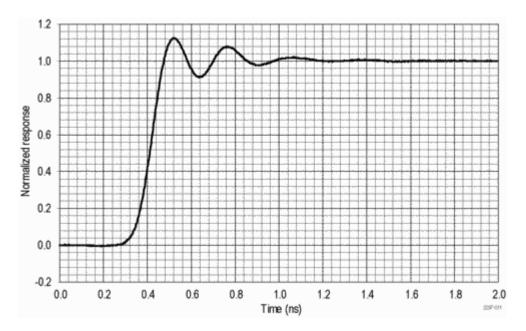


Figure 2: Typical rise time

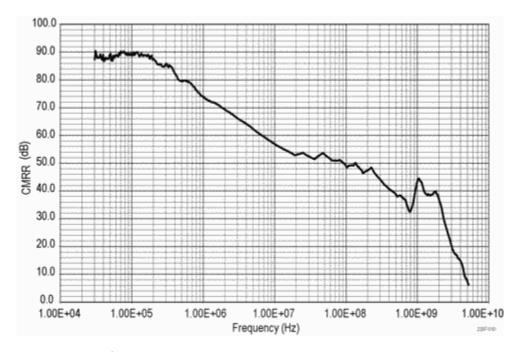


Figure 3: Typical Common-Mode Rejection Ratio

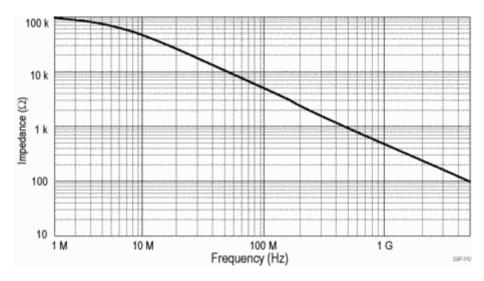


Figure 4: Typical input impedance versus frequency

Table 3: Typical mechanical characteristics

Dimensions, input connection	0.63 mm (0.025 in) square pin sockets on 2.54 mm (0.100 in) centers
Dimensions, control box	117 mm × 41 mm × 29 mm (4.6 in × 1.6 in × 1.15 in)
Dimensions, probe head	86 mm × 11 mm × 8.9 mm (3.4 in × 0.45 in × 0.35 in)
Dimensions, output cable	1.22 m (48 in)
Unit weight (probe only)	144.5 g (5.1 oz)

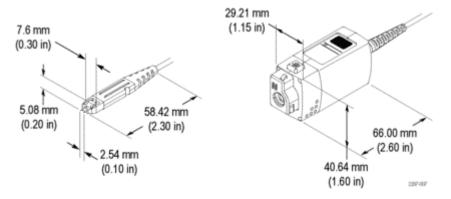


Figure 5: Probe dimensions

## **Nominal Characteristics**

Nominal characteristics describe guaranteed traits, but the traits do not have tolerance limits.

**Table 4: Nominal electrical characteristics** 

Input configuration	Differential (two inputs, + and - ), with case ground
Output coupling	DC coupling
Voltage range	+/-2 V
Termination	Terminate output into 50 $\Omega$

## **Probe Tip Adapter Specifications**

This section describes the characteristics of the adapters that are included in your accessory kit. The adapters are listed in order of performance, beginning with the fastest. You will get the best probe performance by connecting the probe directly to square pins on your circuit. However, as test points are not always as convenient, these adapters make taking measurements easier while maintaining the best signal fidelity.

NOTE. All adapter specifications are typical unless otherwise indicated.

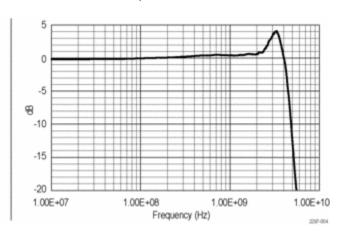
#### **Variable Spacing Adapter**

Tektronix part number: 016-1885-xx

Bandwidth: <3.5 GHz 10/90 Rise time: <110 ps

This adapter has adjustable pins that can span from 0.020 to 0.180 inch apart.



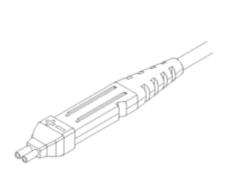


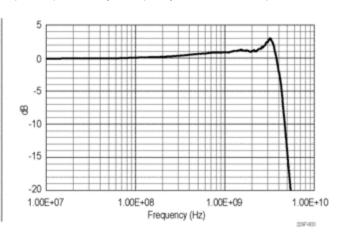
### **Square Pin Adapter**

Tektronix part number: 016-1884-xx

Bandwidth: <3.3 GHz 10/90 Rise time: <110 ps

Use this adapter to provide easy access to square-pin test points that you frequently check, or to other probe accessories.





#### Solder-in Adapter Kit

Tektronix part number: 020-2505-xx Solder-in Adapter Kit

(Includes two adapters, Tektronix part number 016-1926-xx, and a Resistor/Wire Kit, Tektronix part number 020-2506-xx)

You can reorder either kit. The Resistor/Wire Kit includes ten each resistors (10  $\Omega$  and 20  $\Omega$  bonded to 0.020 in wire), and ten lengths of 0.020 in solder wire. The kit also includes ten each resistors (10  $\Omega$  and 20  $\Omega$  bonded to 0.008 in wire), and ten lengths of 0.008 in solder wire.

Bandwidth: <4.3 GHz (Solder wire), <3.8 GHz (10  $\Omega$  resistor), <3.7 GHz (20  $\Omega$  resistor)

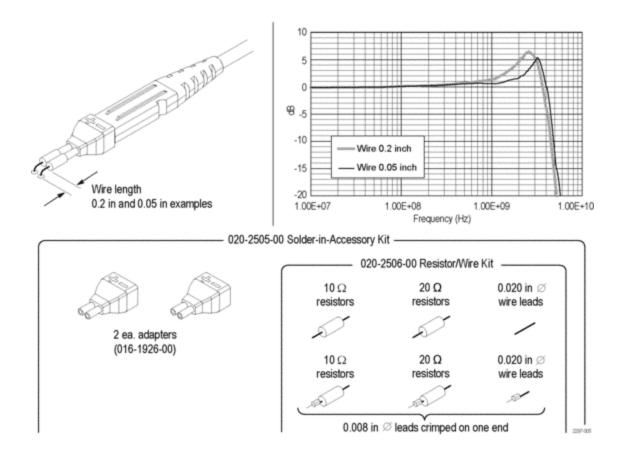
10/90 Rise time: <124 ps (Solder wire), <131 ps (10  $\Omega$  resistor), <140 ps (20  $\Omega$  resistor)

Use this adapter on test points that you frequently check that do not have square pins or other convenient connections. Solder the wire or resistor leads that come with the kit to your test points.



**CAUTION.** To prevent short circuits, solder and dress the adapter leads carefully, and make sure that the leads do not touch other conductors when the adapter is not connected to the probe.

To prevent damaging this adapter, do not connect it to 0.025" square pins. Instead, use the square-pin adapter included in the probe accessory kit.

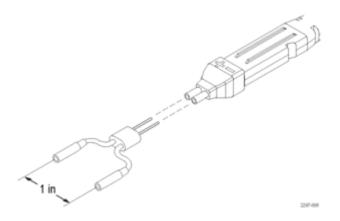


### Y-Lead Adapter

Tektronix part number: 196-3434-xx

Usable Bandwidth: <100 MHz
Calculated rise time: 1.4 ns

Use this adapter for DC and low-frequency measurements. The socket ends plug onto square pins, component leads, and the MicroCKT Test Tip adapters included with the probe.

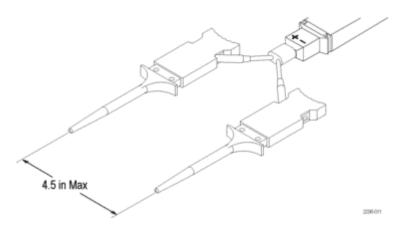


### **MicroCKT Test Tips**

Tektronix part number: 206-0569-xx

Usable Bandwidth: <100 MHz
Calculated rise time: 3.5 ns

Use the MicroCKT Test Tips with the Y-lead adapters. Due to the length of these adapters, they are only recommended for DC and low-frequency measurements.



## **Performance Verification**

Use the following procedures to verify the warranted specifications of the TDP3500 Differential Probe. Before beginning these procedures, photocopy the test record and use it to record the performance test results. (See Table 6 on page 22.) The recommended calibration interval is one year.

These procedures test the following specifications:

- DC attenuation accuracy
- Differential signal range
- Rise time

## **Required Equipment**

Table 5 lists the equipment required to perform the performance verification procedures. The types and quantities of connectors may vary depending on the specific equipment you use.

**Table 5: Test equipment** 

Description	Minimum requirements	Example product	
Digitizing oscilloscope withTekVPI interface	Fully compatible with TekVPI interface	Tektronix DPO7000 series oscilloscope (w/V3.02 or higher firmware)	
Sampling oscilloscope		Tektronix TDS8000 series oscilloscope	
Sampling module		Tektronix 80E0x	
Sampling module	TDR output; 250 mV step, <100 ps rise time	Tektronix 80E04	
TekVPI calibration fixture	Optional probe accessory	Tektronix part number 067-1701-xx	
Probe calibration fixture	Optional probe accessory	Tektronix part number 067-0419-xx	
BNC-to-probe tip adapter	Optional probe accessory	Tektronix part number 067-1734-xx	
BNC Male-to-SMA Female adapter	As per description	Tektronix part number 015-0572-xx	
Calibrated DC voltage source	Adjustable from 0 V to ≥10 V. Outputs must be isolated from earth ground.	Keithley 2400	
DMM (2 required)	DC Accuracy ≥ 0.5% on range to measure 10 V, averaging mode.	Fluke 187	
BNC cables (2)	50 Ω, 42 inch	Tektronix part number 012-0057-xx	
SMA cables (2)	50 Ω, 28 inch	Tektronix part number 012-0649-xx	
Banana-to-banana patch cords (2)	1 red	Tektronix part number 012-0031-xx	
	1 black	Tektronix part number 012-0039-xx	
Dual-male-banana-to-female BNC adapter	As per description	Tektronix part number 103-0090-xx	
Precision inline BNC terminator	50 Ω ±0.1%	Tektronix part number 011-0129-xx	
Y-lead adapter	Standard accessory included w/probe	Tektronix part number 196-3434-xx	
MicroCKT test tips (2)	Standard accessory included w/probe	Tektronix part number 206-0569-xx	

## **Special Adapters**

Some of the adapters used in these procedures are available only from Tektronix. These adapters are described on the following pages.

#### **TekVPI Calibration Fixture**

The TekVPI calibration fixture, Tektronix part number 067-1701-xx, connects between the host instrument and the probe under test. (See Figure 6.) An SMA connector on the rear of the fixture provides access to the probe output signal for performance verification measurements.

- 1. SMA connector for probe output measurements
- 2. TekVPI socket for probe under test
- 3. BNC connection used for some tests

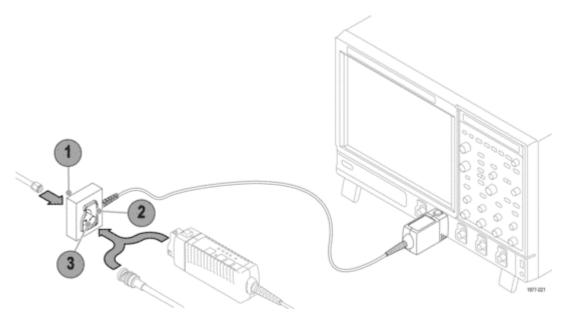


Figure 6: TekVPI calibration fixture

#### **Probe Calibration Fixture**

The Probe calibration fixture, Tektronix part number 067-0419-xx, provides a means to check the rise time specification of the probe. (See Figure 7.) A probe positioner can be helpful to keep the probe in contact with the fixture.

- 1. SMA connectors for input/output signals and terminations
- 2. Common Mode (CM) test points
- 3. Differential Mode (DM) test points

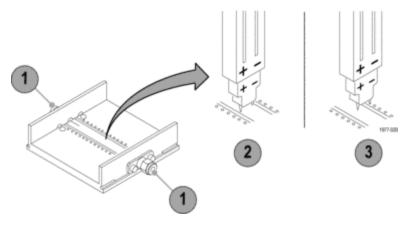


Figure 7: Probe calibration fixture connections

### **Preparation**

Prepare the equipment as follows:

- 1. Turn on the TekVPI oscilloscope.
- 2. Connect the TekVPI Calibration Fixture to the oscilloscope.
- 3. Connect the SMA M-to-BNC F adapter to the SMA output of the TekVPI Calibration Fixture.
- 4. Connect the precision termination to the BNC end of the SMA M-to-BNC F adapter.
- 5. Connect one end of the BNC cable to the precision termination.
- 6. Connect the other end of the BNC cable to the BNC-to-dual banana adapter.
- 7. Connect the BNC-to-dual banana adapter to the DMM input.
- 8. Connect the probe to the TekVPI Calibration Fixture.
- 9. Connect the Square Pin adapter and Y-lead adapter to the probe. Observe proper polarity: red to (+), black to (-).
- 10. Connect the MicroCKT test tips to the Y-lead adapter.
- 11. Set the vertical offset to 0 V. (Check that the offset is set to zero before performing each test unless instructed otherwise.)

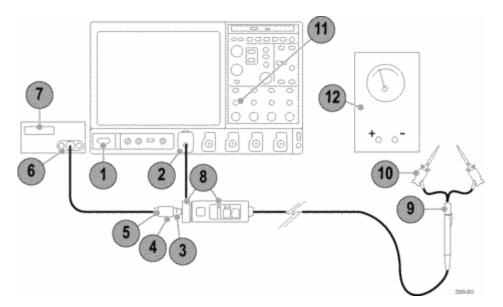


Figure 8: Preliminary test setup

- **12.** Turn on the remaining test equipment listed in the table.
- 13. Allow the probe and test equipment to warm up for 20 minutes at an ambient temperature of 20 °C to 30 °C.
- **14.** Photocopy the test record and use it to record the test results. (See Table 6 on page 22.)

Perform the verification procedures in order.

## **DC Attenuation Accuracy**

This test checks the probe gain by measuring known voltages with a multimeter. The probe is then used to measure the same voltages, and then a comparison calculation is made.

### **Preparation**

- 1. Set the vertical offset to 0 V.
- 2. Connect the MicroCKT test tips to the DC source. Observe proper polarity: red to (+), black to (-).
- 3. Connect a second DMM to the DC source.

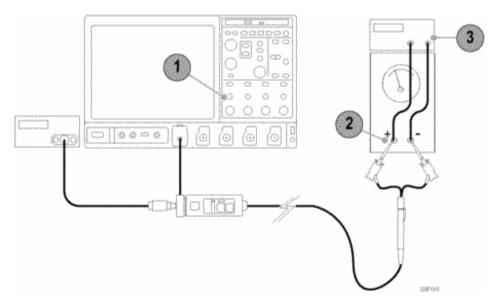


Figure 9: Setup for differential-mode tests

#### **Verification**

- 4. Set the input voltage on the DC source to approximately 1.4 V. Record the actual voltage as  $V_{in}1$ .
- **5.** Record the output voltage as  $V_{out}1$ .
- **6.** Reverse the polarity of the input voltage on the DC source. (Swap the MicroCKT test tips or the Y-lead adapter.) Record the actual voltage as V<sub>in</sub>2.
- 7. Record the output voltage as V<sub>out</sub>2.
- 8. Calculate the attenuation using the values from the measurements as follows:

Attenuation = 
$$(V_{in}1 - V_{in}2) \div (V_{out}1 - V_{out}2)$$

Example:

9. Verify that the attenuation is in the range of 4.9 to 5.1. Record the results in the test record.

Leave the probe connected for the next test.

### **Differential Signal Range**

This procedure verifies the differential signal range of the probe. This procedure uses the setup from the previous test.

#### Verification

- 1. Set the vertical offset to 0 V.
- 2. Set the input voltage on the DC source to 0 V, and verify that it is 0 V with the multimeter. (See Figure 10.)
- 3. Measure the probe output voltage as V<sub>offset</sub>. You will use this offset voltage to get more accurate results in the calculations below.

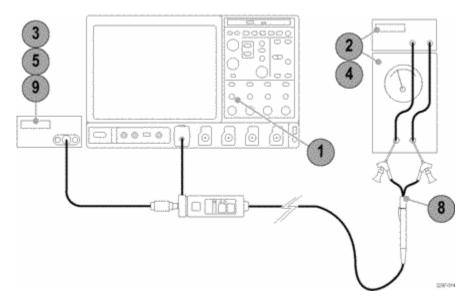


Figure 10: Differential signal range test

- 4. Set the input voltage on the DC source to 2 V ±100 mV, and record the actual voltage as V<sub>in</sub>.
- 5. Measure and record the output voltage as Vout.
- **6.** Calculate attenuation as  $|V_{in} \div (V_{out} V_{offset})|$ .
- 7. Verify that the attenuation is in the range of 4.75 to 5.25. Record the results in the test record.
- **8.** Reverse the polarity of the input voltage for the following measurements. (Swap the MicroCKT test tips or the Y-lead adapter.)
- 9. Measure and record the output voltage as Vout.
- 10. Calculate attenuation using the formula in step 6.
- 11. Verify that the attenuation is in the range of 4.75 to 5.25. Record the results in the test record.

Disconnect the probe from the test setup and connect it to any oscilloscope channel to keep the probe at operating temperature.

### **Rise Time**

This procedure verifies that the probe meets the warranted rise time specification. Two rise times are measured; the test system alone, and then the test system with the probe included. The probe rise time is calculated using the two measurements.

This test uses the TDR function of the 80E04 sampling head as a fast rise time signal source. A second 80E0X sampling head is used to take the measurements. Although the following procedure assigns the TDR and measurement functions to specific oscilloscope channels, any channels can be used. However, the TDR function is only available on 80E04 sampling heads.



**CAUTION.** To prevent damage, use care when working with SMA connectors: support equipment to avoid mechanical strain on the connectors, and when tightening connections, use a torque wrench to 7.5 in-lbs.

#### **Test System Rise Time**

- 1. Connect the 80E04 sampling head to Channel 1 of the sampling oscilloscope. (See Figure 11.)
- 2. Connect the 80E0X sampling head to Channel 8 of the sampling oscilloscope.
- 3. Connect SMA cables to Channels 1 and 8 on the sampling heads.
- **4.** Connect the SMA cable from Channel 1 to an SMA-to-BNC adapter, and then to the BNC connector on the TekVPI adapter.
- 5. Connect the SMA cable from Channel 8 to the SMA connector on the TekVPI adapter.
- 6. Turn on Channel 8 and set the vertical scale to 50 mV/div.

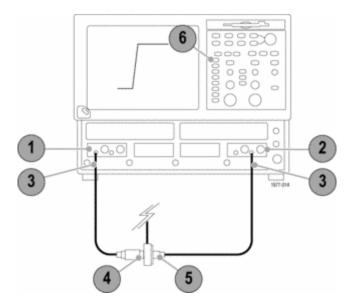


Figure 11: Test system rise time setup

- 7. Set the Channel 1 sampling head to TDR mode: press the **SETUP DIALOGS** button and select the TDR tab. (See Figure 12 on page 19.)
- 8. Set the Channel 1 (C1) Polarity to positive (rising).
- 9. Set the **Preset** of Channel 1 on. TDR Preset sets Internal Clock in the Trigger menu, turns on the TDR Step in the TDR Setups menu, turns on the channel and selects the acquisition Units in the TDR Setups menu, and sets the horizontal scale, position, and reference. The sampling module will turn on a red light next to the SELECT channel button, indicating that TDR is activated for that channel.

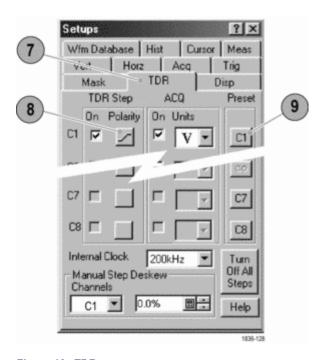


Figure 12: TDR parameter setup

- 10. Turn off the display for Channel 1 so that only Channel 8 is shown on screen.
- 11. Adjust the oscilloscope horizontal and vertical position controls to display a signal similar to that shown. (See Figure 11.)
- 12. Set the oscilloscope horizontal scale to 50 ps/div and center the waveform.
- **13.** Use the oscilloscope measurement capability to display rise time. Increase the stability of the pulse edge measurement by using averaging, if available. Rise time is determined from the 10% and 90% amplitude points on the waveform. Record the rise time as  $t_s$ .

#### **Test System and Probe Rise Time**

- 14. Disconnect the SMA cable and BNC adapter from the Channel-1 side of the TekVPI Calibration fixture. (See Figure 13.)
- 15. Connect the SMA cable from Channel 1 of the sampling oscilloscope to the SMA connector on the Probe Calibration Fixture. Leave the 50  $\Omega$  termination on the other SMA connector.
- 16. Plug the probe into the TekVPI Calibration fixture.
- 17. Probe the DM pins on the Probe Calibration Fixture. A probe positioner may be helpful. (See Figure 7 on page 13.)
- 18. Set the TekVPI oscilloscope offset to 0.0 V.

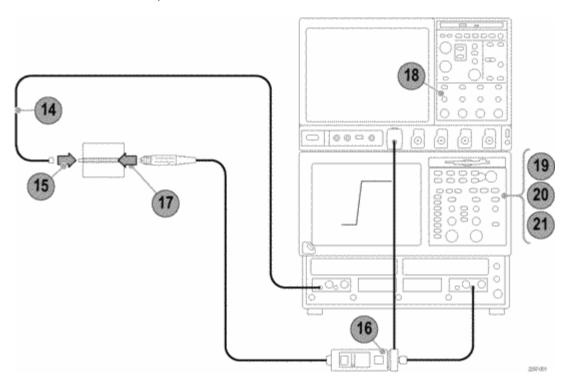


Figure 13: Probe rise time setup

**NOTE.** The following measurements are taken with the sampling oscilloscope. The TekVPI oscilloscope only provides power and offset to the probe.

- **19.** On the sampling oscilloscope, expand the horizontal scale to locate the step edge: set the vertical scale to 10 mV/div, and adjust horizontal range to 200 ps/div while maintaining the edge view. For a more stable measurement display, turn on averaging.
- 20. Adjust the position controls on the sampling oscilloscope to display the entire leading edge waveform.
- 21. Use the measurement capability of the sampling oscilloscope to display rise time. Increase the stability of the pulse edge measurement by using averaging, if available. Rise time is determined from the 10% and 90% amplitude points on the waveform. Record the rise time as t<sub>s+p</sub>.

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22. Using the test system rise time ( $t_s$ ) that you measured in step 13, and the test system and probe rise time ( $t_{s+p}$ ) that you measured in step 21, calculate the probe-only rise time using the formula shown.

$$t_p \, = \sqrt{{t_{(s+p)}}^2 \, - \, t_s^{\,2}}$$

Example:

$$t_p = \sqrt{(147^2 - 50^2)}$$

$$t_p = \sqrt{21600 - 2500}$$

$$t_p = \sqrt{19100}$$

$$t_p = 137.8 \, ps$$

This completes the performance verification.

### Table 6: Test Record

Probe Model/Serial Number:	r: Certificate Number:			
Temperature:	_ RH % :			
Date of Calibration:	Technician:			
Performance test	Minimum	Measured/Calculated	Maximum	
DC attenuation accuracy				
	4.9		5.1	
Differential signal range				
standard polarity	4.75		5.25	
with connections reversed	4.75		5.25	
Rise time				
TDP3500 at 3.5 GHz	≤140 ps		N/A	

### **Maintenance**

This section contains maintenance information for the TDP3500 Differential Probe.

### **Inspection and Cleaning**

Protect the probe from adverse weather conditions. The probe is not waterproof.



**CAUTION.** To prevent damage to the probe, do not expose it to sprays, liquids, or solvents. Do not use chemical cleaning agents; they may damage the probe. Avoid using chemicals that contain benzine, benzene, toluene, xylene, acetone, or similar solvents.

Clean the exterior surfaces of the probe with a dry, lint-free cloth or a soft-bristle brush. If dirt remains, use a soft cloth or swab dampened with a 75% isopropyl alcohol solution. A swab is useful for cleaning narrow spaces on the probe. Do not use abrasive compounds on any part of the probe.



**CAUTION.** To prevent damage to the probe, avoid getting moisture inside the probe during exterior cleaning, and use only enough solution to dampen the swab or cloth. Use a 75% isopropyl alcohol solution as a cleanser, and rinse with deionized water.

### **Replacement Parts**

Due to the sophisticated design of these differential probes, there are no user replaceable parts within the probes. Refer to the *Quick Start User Manual* for a list of replaceable accessories for your probe.

If your probe does not meet the specifications tested in the Performance Verification, you can send the probe to Tektronix for repair. Follow the procedure below to prevent damage to the probe during shipping.

### **Preparation for Shipment**

If the original packaging is unfit for use or not available, use the following packaging guidelines:

- 1. Use a corrugated cardboard shipping carton having inside dimensions at least one inch greater than the probe dimensions. The box should have a carton test strength of at least 200 pounds.
- 2. Put the probe into an antistatic bag or wrap to protect it from dampness.
- 3. Place the probe into the box and stabilize it with light packing material.
- Seal the carton with shipping tape.
- 5. Refer to Contacting Tektronix on the copyright page for the shipping address.